

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1889.

NUMBER 287.

FACTS! FACTS! Cronin Was Murdered.

It Is So Proven at the Great Trial.

THE TESTIMONY OF WITNESSES.

Evidence Produced That Dr. Cronin Was Murdered Shortly After Leaving the Conklin Residence — A Story Comes from Winona That Burke Made a Confession While in Jail There.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—If the Cronin jury is mildly influenced, it will not be because the state does not take every possible precaution against it. Not only are the bailiffs as severe in their watch of the jurors as if they were so many criminals, and liable to break away and run at the least possible chance, but there are scores of deceptives that guard the sidewalk between the Commercial hotel, where the "ju" y stop, and the criminal court building, whenever the jury is taken to or from the building.

The crowd that sought to obtain admission to the Cronin trial yesterday was even greater than the previous day and included many ladies. The bailiffs that guarded the entrances had their hands full to prevent overcrowding. The attraction was the prospect of new and startling evidence. Before court opened the blood-stained trunk was transferred from the South Side where it had been kept since the inquest, to the vault in the state's attorney's office. It will be introduced in evidence at an early stage of the trial.

The first witness called by the state was Nicholas Wallenborn, a wholesale liquor dealer at 319 Division street. He had known Dr. Cronin for five years. He saw the body in the Lake View morgue and recognized it as that of Dr. Cronin. He identified it by its general appearance. Mr. Forrest's cross-examination of Mr. Wallenborn was very brief.

T. T. Conklin, in whose house Dr. Cronin lived, was the next witness. Mr. Conklin knew Dr. Cronin intimately. The doctor had been a member of his family some ten years. Witness was called to the Lake View morgue at 10 o'clock the night of May 24, and in company with John F. Scanlan, John J. Cronin and several other friends, he recognized the body as that of Dr. Cronin. He recognized it by the forehead, the hair, the nose, the teeth, the hands, an injured finger and the general appearance. The peculiarity of the teeth were: They were large and wide apart; four of his iron teeth in the lower jaw were missing; he had false teeth and wore a plate; one tooth on the right side was missing.

Mr. Forrest took the witness and questioned him as to his idea of Dr. Cronin's height and weight. Then the lawyer proceeded to investigate the witness' record. Mr. Conklin said he had kept a cafe in St. Louis and now kept two saloons in Chicago. Witness denied keeping but one place in St. Louis, that was on Olive street. Mr. Conklin had also been manager of The Gazette at Columbus, Ohio, or eleven years his family had consisted of Dr. Cronin, his wife and himself. He met Dr. Cronin in St. Louis where the doctor was practicing his profession. He, the doctor, lived with them up to the time of his death.

John F. Scanlan was called. He said he was in the insurance business, had known Dr. Cronin since 1884, and during the last year had seen the doctor almost every day. He saw him last alive about 5 o'clock May 4. He next saw his dead body at the morgue in Lake View. He recognized the body by the hair, the teeth, the forehead and general appearance. Under Mr. Forrest's cross-examination witness admitted that he had taken an active part in this prosecution. Mr. Forrest went deeply into the witness' history and business, but brought out nothing except that Mr. Scanlan was something of a politician. Witness was a member of the Clan-na-Gael. Joined several years ago, but had attended only a few meetings since Dr. Cronin's death. Witness had also belonged to the Feudians before joining the Clan.

Frankie Scanlan testified to having seen Dr. Cronin alive a few minutes before the doctor left his home in the buggy drawn by the white horse, and to having identified the body at the morgue by the teeth, forehead, etc.

Mr. Forrest began his cross-examination of Mr. Scanlan by asking: "Is there anyone you know better than you know Dr. Cronin?"

"Yes,"

"Describe, John F. Scanlan."

The witness waited a moment and then said: "His teeth" — but Mr. Mills objected.

"That is an unfair test," said he.

"They made it material," said Mr. Forrest.

"It is immaterial and unnecessary," said the court.

Mr. Scanlan, in reply to Mr. Forrest, said he had noticed the doctor's teeth frequently, seeing the doctor gape, when witness visited the latter at his office.

David P. Ahern, a tailor at 120 Washington street, knew Dr. Cronin for some years, and frequently saw him daily. He recognized the body at the morgue by the imperial on his chin and the shape of his forehead. The cross-examination failed to confuse the witness.

George Flueger, a German laborer, testifying to having been present when the body was found in the catch basin, and to its removal. On his cross-examination he insisted that the body was handled with great care.

Patrick McGarry was the next witness. He had known Dr. Cronin about four and one-half years. He saw the

body at the morgue and knew it was that of Dr. Cronin. On cross-examination he admitted that he was a member of the Clan-na-Gael.

Dr. J. W. Lewis, Dr. Cronin's dentist, was called. He had known Dr. Cronin some six years, was his dentist and had frequently examined the doctor's mouth, had filled teeth for him and had two sets of false teeth. He was certain the dead body he saw at the morgue was that of Dr. Cronin. A plaster cast he made of the doctor's mouth sometime before the mouth of the corpse, and he also found the filled teeth.

Doctor Mills hundred the witness a small plate with four teeth attached to it, one being broken. The witness recognized it as one he made for Dr. Cronin.

Dr. Egbert, the assistant county physician, then identified the plate and teeth as the same he had taken from the body at the Lake View morgue, and they were offered in evidence and admitted by the court over Mr. Forrest's objection.

Court then adjourned to 2 o'clock.

Whatever doubts had existed regarding the fact that Dr. Cronin was killed within a short time after leaving the Conklin residence, were set at rest by the testimony given at the afternoon session when Dr. Egbert produced a number of jars containing the contents of the stomach of the murdered man. The food, he said, had scarcely commenced to digest, and had been taken in the stomach less than three hours before death. The jury glanced at the contents of the jar, while the people in the court room craned their necks to get a look at the receptacles. The witness went on to minutely describe the condition of the body. All the internal organs were in excellent condition, and there was not the slightest evidence of disease, internal or external, although the brain and its covering were terribly decomposed.

There was a wound two inches long and a half inch wide at the corner of the left eye, while near by the skull was a fractured and a small portion clipped away. Near the left temple was a wound two inches long and extending to the skull. Back of this was another almost the same size, while back of the left ear was a ragged wound that joined the other two. On the left of the back of the head there was another ugly wound, two and a quarter inches long and a fourth-inch wide, in the center of which was a flap of the skin of the scalp. This had been beaten into the thin layer of flesh on the skull by the force of the blow, and was attached to the remaining skin at the upper portion of the wound. The lungs were free from water despite the fact that the head was below the surface when found and, as the physician testified in the most emphatic manner, there was not the shadow of a doubt that Dr. Cronin's death was caused by the wounds he received.

Judge Wing and Mr. Forrest took

turns in cross-examining the witness for nearly two hours, with the view of securing an admission that the wounds upon the body might have been occasioned by rough usage while getting out of the vault. Dr. Egbert insisted, however, that they were inflicted prior to his death, and his testimony in other particulars remained unshaken.

Dr. Burke Confess at Winona.

WINONA, Minn., Oct. 26.—For some weeks it has been rumored that during his incarceration here Burke confided the particulars of the Cronin murder to his then fellow-prisoners, T. Miller, R. Heifer and "Slick-American" Gillette, the last of whom is waiting trial for forgery. It is said that Gillette has informed his lawyer that Burke admitted witnessing the murder, although not a participant. Heifer, who was released yesterday, is said to have stated to a police official that Burke had told him who proposed him as a member of Camp No. 20, who ordered the execution, who were present at the Carlson cottage when the murder was committed, how the body was disposed of, and who gave him money with which to get out of Chicago; in fact everything that the police authorities could learn of Burke's conduct in the case was known to Gillette.

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From the Capital City.

Cream of All the Washington News.

MORE ABOUT CONSUL LEWIS.

The Records of the State Department Show That the Charges Are Unfounded.

The Cabinet Considers the President's Coming Message — Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Walker Blaine stated this morning that so far

the records of the state department

show the charge of Raimon Azoque,

interpreter at the United States consulate in Tungiers, against Consul Lewis, of withholding his pay as interpreter is unfounded. The evidence adduced in the case, Mr. Blaine says, is that when

Mr. Lewis was appointed in 1886, he

employed Azoque, who is a naturalized

Moor, as interpreter at a salary of \$60 a

month for a year. Azoque was attached

to the "consulate" until Sept. 30, 1888,

when he was discharged by Lewis.

The vouchers on file show that

Azoque received his money up to

that time. He remained about the consulate eleven months longer, but Mr.

Lewis asserts that he did so, with the

distinct understanding that he would

not be paid. Any claim that he may

have against Lewis on account of

salary, Mr. Blaine says, is a purely

private one.

No Requisition for Burke.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—There was a

rumor about the state department that

the governor of Louisiana had forwarded

papers to the state department requesting the extradition of Maj. E. A.

Burke, ex-treasurer of Louisiana, who

is now in England, and against whom

charges of mal-administration while

state treasurer of Louisiana, have been

published. Walker Blaine, solicitor of

the state department, to whom the pa-

pers would naturally come for action,

said to the United Press reporter, that

he had received no such request, and

knew nothing about papers containing

such a request being on the way to the

state department.

President and Prisoners.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The presi-

dent has commuted the sentence of

Palmer B. Wells, Jr., of New York, con-

victed of violation of postal laws and

sentenced to eighteen months' impris-

onement, to one year of actual impris-

onement.

In the case of Henry Schwinge, fined

\$500 and costs for assaulting a United

States internal revenue officer, the sen-

tence was commuted to \$300 fine and

costs.

An absolute pardon was granted to

George C. Wood, convicted of polygamy

in Utah, and sentenced to five

years' imprisonment in the penitentiary

and to pay a fine of \$300.

All a Mistake.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The published

statement that a new automatic con-

trivance is about to be applied to the

new turrets, which will greatly in-

crease their boiler power, is discredited

in engineering circles of the navy ac-

ademy. An engineer said yesterday

that no system had yet been devised by

which water could be kept at a low

stage without either burning up or ex-

ploding the boiler.

A Long Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The cabinet

meeting yesterday was of longer dura-

tion than usual. All the members were

present. It is understood that topics

to be set forth in the president's

message were again discussed.

Illness of an Omelan.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Col. A. P.

Reeve, of Iowa, chief of the seed

division, department of agriculture, is

dangerously ill at his home in this city.

He has been confined to his bed for the

past week.

THE HIT OF THE SEASON!

The intelligence of the public is evinced by the demand we had this week for the numerically named bargains we advertised in Monday's BULLETIN. The rush for them surprised even us, though knowing that no such values were ever offered in this or any other Clothing market for the same prices. The encouragement we meet with from you prompts us to make still greater efforts to please you. We add to-day to the previous named SPECIAL BARGAINS—

172 CHILDREN'S KNEE-PANTS SUITS, AGES 5 to 13, : : : : \$2.40
76 CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS, AGES 3 to 8. : : : : 1.60

This last named lot comprise a number of small Children's Overcoats, with and without Capes, the larger sizes having been closed out. We offer the small sizes at above price. Many of them are worth \$4, 5 and \$6. We want you to take a look at them.

SEE OUR CHILDREN'S SEAL PLUSH ASTRICAN-TRIMMED TURBANS before they're closed; 25c., quantities limited.

HECKINGER & CO. THE LEADERS, ODDFELLOWS' HALL.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1880.

THE State of Kentucky will pay out \$1,540,000 this year for public school purposes.

THERE is more rotteness to the square inch in the State of Ohio than any other spot on the face of God's green earth.—Sanford Journal.

FREDERICK DOUGLAS expects to, some day, write a novel in which a colored man will be the hero. Many of his personal social tribulations will be woven in the narrative.

THE receipts from internal revenue for the first quarter of the current fiscal year were \$34,684,525, nearly four millions more than the receipts for the corresponding period of last year.

THE Wyoming Constitution provides that every man to be a voter must know how to read. It would not take a man longer than a few months to learn how to read, and there is not a voter in the United States who could not in a year's time fit himself to read and write.

THE Flemingsburg Times-Democrat says: "The Mason County Republicans will put out a ticket for county offices at their next court day, Nov. 11. They just do this for fun and to give the defeated candidates a 'pull' for a Federal appointment, as they do not expect to elect any of them."

EVERYTHING seems to point to the election of Campbell, in Ohio. All over the State the friends of justice and honesty are loud in their praises of the Butler Mascot. His majority in Brown County will be larger than it has been for years, and reports from good authorities say that it is the same all over the State.

THE newspapers of the State are again agitating the question of free turnpikes. Whether or not free toll is a practical question, one thing is certain and that is this, that the rate of toll charged on a great many turnpikes is unreasonably high and ought to be lowered. We have the opinion of a first class lawyer that there are roads in this county charging a higher rate of toll than the law allows. We can surely get low toll, if not free toll, and no pike should be permitted to charge and receive a higher rate than that fixed by law.

Free Turnpikes.

Free turnpikes will in less than ten years be an assured fact in this country. The tollgates have to go, and the sooner the country begins preparations to secure the result the better for it in a financial point of view. Some plan for procedure should be agreed upon and work continued along that line until every turnpike road in the county is made free to the traveling public. Under control of the county they would, all alike, be kept in better repair, and at less expense than they now are. The people, we believe, would willingly bear the increased taxation, because of the great convenience and comfort to be thereby realized. In view of the near approach of the meeting of the Legislature, friends of free turnpikes should see what legislation, if any, is needed, and work it up.—Cynthiana Democrat.

Quite a number of farmers, merchants and stockholders in our county have lately expressed themselves as decidedly in favor of "free turnpikes." All are agreed that our present system is too expensive and hampers and hinders the business of the county. The sentiment of the people is all right, the only thing now is to devise a fair and equitable plan upon which the counties may take up the stock.—Winchester Sun.

CLOAKS,

—GREAT VARIETY!—

BROWNING

& CO.,

No. 3 EAST SECOND ST.

PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

STATISTICS show that there are now on hand in Kentucky 35,363,895 gallons of whisky, which would give 18 gallons to every man, woman and child in the State.

THERE were 40,000 kegs of nails shipped during the season from Pittsburgh, Pa., by river to Cincinnati, from there to East St. Louis and thence to Chicago, at a rate under the rail rate from Pittsburgh to Chicago.

THE BULLETIN has received from some Ohio friend a paper 12 inch rule. On the measurement side is printed; "Home Rule for Ireland. We demand it for Ohio." And on the other side: "Home Rule. For Governor, James E. Campbell. Tariff Reform."

THE marriage epidemic is greater this fall than ever before known in this section. We could whisper a few more to come off soon, but you see we are under pledge. By the way, the BULLETIN office is prepared to get up handsome wedding cards in all the latest and best styles.

THE Paris Record says: "Moses Kahn has shipped 58 car-loads of cattle this week which cost him from \$3.50 to \$4 per hundred. He purchased 38 head from Mr. Nelson, 31 from Kit Clay, 28 from Wm. Griffith, 150 from J. W. Ferguson, 150 from John Clay, 45 from Cal. Woodford and the balance in smaller lots. They were as fine as any ever raised in this section.

One of our exchanges speaks of a millinery store kept by a very estimable lady, and says the editor, "was gratified to see her stocking up." The editor says he was never so astonished in his better days as he was, when the paper came out, to meet the millinery lady and have her strike him across the brow with an umbrella and tell him he was a liar and that she would tell his wife. He didn't know what she was mad at, and he had to read the item over a hundred times to see if there was anything spiteful in it.—Red Bluff Sentinel.

A Great Day for Clothing. The Oddfellow's Hall Clothing House is a veritable bee hive to-day. From appearances Hechingen & Co. need an extra force of clerks.

Notice to Tax-Payers. On and after November 1st the penalty of 6 per cent. will be added to all unpaid taxes for the year 1889. Pay now and avoid the rush.

2535 JNO. W. ALEXANDER, S. M. C.

Notice to Tax-payers.

The undersigned will be at Maysville Saturday afternoon, October 26th, and in Maysville on Monday and Tuesday, October 28th and 29th. Tax-payers should be on hand and save the penalty. Six per cent. will be added on all taxes not paid by November 1st.

t29 CHAN JEFFERSON, D. S. M. C.

Here and There.

Dr. John Larew, of St. Louis, is visiting relatives in this county.

Mrs. Dennis Fitzgerald has returned from a visit to relatives at Baltimore.

Dr. James C. Norris passed through Maysville to-day on his return to Winchester from a visit to Augusta.

Mr. Charles A. Wood, a promising young lawyer of the booming town of Middlesborough is here telling his friends about the boom.

A number of ladies throughout the States have become candidates for school superintendent of their respective counties.

EVERYTHING is booming up at Middlesborough. Last week, a gentleman was out shooting near there, when he had the misfortune to shoot his dog. For a moment he was too overcome to see what damage he had done, and before he had recovered himself the animal, a black retriever, had come up to him, bringing in its mouth its own tail, which had been shot clean off.—Bourbon News.

LOST.

LOST—Between Haywood and our store, a child's red silk mitten. Reward if returned to J. C. FECOR.

READ AND PROFIT

—IT'S ABOUT—

BOOTS and SHOES,

And where to buy. We do not hesitate to announce that we have the largest and best selected stock of goods in this line ever offered in this city. We sell all kinds of the most reliable make. Promising our patrons that they shall have the very best goods at the lowest prices, and pleasant treatment, we will offer some SPECIAL BARGAINS ON SATURDAY:

Men's Tap Sole Boots, : : : : \$1.50
Boys' Full Stock Boots, : : : : 1.25
Youths' Full Stock Boots, : : : : 1.00
Child's Red-Top Boots, : : : : 75

Don't fail to see our Men's Laced Bals at 99c.; Boys' Laced Bals at 89c.; Youths' Laced Bals at 79c. Call and examine our goods and let us verify the truth of the above statement.

H. C. BARKLEY, THE SPOT CASH SHOE DEALER.

JOIN THE PROCESSION

GOING TO OUR HOUSE TO BUY

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES!

Grates and Tinware;

China and Glassware;

Wooden and Willoware.

REMEMBER THAT WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK OF

House Furnishing Goods

In the city. We buy of manufacturers direct, and can offer inducements equal to anybody. No trouble to show goods.

Roofing and other outside work done of best materials and by the best workmen. Give us a call.

W. L. THOMAS & BRO., CORNER COURT AND SECOND.

NEW, NEWER, NEWEST.

We are now receiving and opening an entirely new and desirable stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS and CLOAKS.

As we offer them exclusively for CASH you will find our prices the lowest, and including many job lots that are real Bargains. Call and examine our stock.

A. J. McDUGGLE & SON, Old Postoffice Building, Sutton Street.

—An Elegant—

Solitaire · Diamond · Combination · Ring

Lace Pin, Stud and Bracelet

Will be presented to some customer of J. BALLENGER, the Jeweler, on February 1, 1890— one ticket for every dollar's worth of goods bought.

We're Happy!

We could not be otherwise while enjoying the immense trade we are having, and feel like making everybody else happy who visits our store by selling them good Clothing for less money than the same goods can be bought for elsewhere. It is not necessary to quote prices as every one knows if they want good, honest goods, they can buy them cheaper at the RED CORNER CLOTHING HOUSE than anywhere else. We can furnish

Boys' Cape Overcoats as Cheap as \$1.50, And Men's Overcoats as Cheap as \$2.50.

Better ones at prices in proportion to quality of goods. Mothers, we have made a special reduction on Boys' Knee-Pants Suits for the next ten days, in order to reduce the large stock we have on hand. We have too many and they must go. All are handsome patterns of the very latest manufacture. We have also received a large stock of small Caps, of the latest patterns, for the little Boys and Girls. These goods must be seen to be appreciated. Please bear in mind that with every cash dollar purchase you are entitled to a ticket on the elegant Gold Watch and Silver Water Service. See them in our show window.

John T. Martin's Red Corner Clothing House.

THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

SATURDAY, OCT. 26, 1889.

INDICATIONS—For Kentucky, rain, clearing in western portions, cooler, winds becoming northwesterly.

NEW molasses, at Calhoun's.

PURE sage and pepper at Calhoun's.

INSURE with John Duley's agency.

THE pumpkin crop is "some pumpkins."

BROOKSVILLE is endeavoring to establish a bank.

FINE large bananas only 10 cents per dozen at Hill & Co.'s.

CAPT. HARVEY REDDEN, of the steamer Handy No. 2, is in the city.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY will spend \$25,000 in improving her court house.

THE public schools at Ashland are closed on account of the prevalence of diphtheria.

THE moment a young lady manifests an interest in a young man's cravat, he is in danger.

WHEN you hear a man say he has a bad wife just ask him what he has done to make her a good one.

POWER & REYNOLDS sell Hawke's celebrated eye glasses—best in the market. Every pair guaranteed.

PREACHING at Baptist Church to-morrow by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

JAMES W. TURNER, sent to the asylum from Fleming County a few months since, has been discharged as cured.

MAYOR AL. BERRY, of Newport wants a national bank to take the place of the faro bank run out of Newport.

LADIES: All the very newest styles in fine foot wear at prices that will please you at H. C. Barkley's Cash Shoe Store.

THOMAS HOOK, of Paris, has refused \$20,000 for Dr. Sparks, (2:25) who won every two-year-old stake in the Kentucky Circuit.

THE Kentucky Central has made a proposition to Covington in regard to locating the machine shops there. It looks like Covington will get them.

AMONG the ladies attending the grand banquet given by the Oddfellows at Louisville last Thursday night we notice the name of Mrs. Wm. H. Cox, of this city.

THE Mason County Teachers' Association will meet at Mayslick the second Saturday in November. It is expected that the teachers of Fleming County will be in attendance.

IT is amusing to see persons still going to the old European Hotel to stop. The front of the once famous hotel now presents the handsome appearance of a solid, substantial business house.

GENTLEMEN: If you want the very newest styles in fine foot wear at lowest prices visit H. C. Barkley's Spot Cash Shoe Store. d2t

STOP at Kackley & McDougle's window and take a look at the cloth-bound books. Publishers price 75 cents they are selling at 25 cents to-day. It

W. L. STAMPER, formerly of the Kentucky Conference, who withdrew to practice law, is now editor of the Mountain Observer at Campton.

BASIL DUKE and Geo. W. Simonds have purchased the outfit of the Windsor Hotel at Bloomington, Ill., and will in a few days be entertaining their guests in true Kentucky style.

SERVICES at First Presbyterian Church to-morrow, both morning and evening, at the usual hours, conducted by the pastor, Rev. John S. Hays, D. D. The public is cordially invited to attend.

THE birds and rabbits are suffering now. There is said to be a fair supply of birds, while rabbits are more plentiful than usual. Both ought to be in prime condition, as feed is very abundant.

IN Mercer County, the County Judge is allowed by the Court of Claims a salary of \$900 a year. The County Attorney and School Superintendent \$700 each. Mercer allows \$60 each for keeping paupers.

THE widow of Alexander Campbell, the late eminent divine, is eighty-seven years old and is said to be remarkably well preserved, mentally and physically, for one of that age. She is visiting her daughter at Louisville.

WHEN you buy a watch you want a correct time-keeper. When you get diamonds you want something elegant. Ballenger's store is the place to buy. Ticket on fine diamond pin, earrings, stud and bracelet with every dollar purchase.

IN the suit of the Trustees of the Dover Christian Church vs. the M. and B. S. R. R. Co. in the Circuit Court this week the jury were peremptorily instructed to find for defendant on the ground we believe that the plaintiff had no title. They sued for \$2,000.

MR. EDWARD H. KELLEY, who was married about three years ago to Miss Minnie Bertram, daughter of Mr. Henry Bertram of this city received injuries in the collision at Nolin's station one day this week and died Thursday night, at his home in Louisville. His wife and one child survive him.

WE offer in the form of a suggestion that the proper authorities have printed, and post up in a number of prominent places—hotels, for instance—several printed placards on which the times that the mail is collected shall be set forth. This is done in all cities, why not in Maysville? Many persons, in posting a letter, like to know the time to put it in the box to get it away early. The plan suggested above would furnish such people the requisite information.

Mrs. L. GAY STRODE, son of Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Strode celebrated his twenty-second birthday last evening with a card party, elegant supper, etc. The following gentlemen were present: Col. F. H. Bierbower, Henry E. Pogue, Allan D. Cole, Charles D. Newell, Clarence Matthews, Colonel Richard Dawson, John N. Thomas, Hon. R. B. Lovell, John T. Parker, Dr. H. M. Marsh and J. M. Crane, of New York. The evening was highly enjoyable.

DO YOU WEAR COARSE BOOTS?

— THEN YOU WANT GOOD ONES —

Solid, serviceable, wear-resisters. We have them—they are well-known by our trade, and make fast friends with all who try them. Here they are: MINER, BATECHELDER, GREENWOOD, RODGER, &c., in French Kip, Veal Kip, Chicago Kip and Milwaukee Oli Grain. We have sold these brands for twenty-five years and confidently claim that they are the best made in the country. There is nothing in their make-up but solid leather. PRICES ON THESE WILL BE THE LOWEST GOOD BOOTS WERE EVER SOLD FOR IN THIS CITY! See these before buying or you will make a mistake.

MEN'S GOOD BOOTS, \$1.75 | YOUTH'S GOOD BOOTS, 1.00
BOYS' GOOD BOOTS, \$1.25 | CHILD'S GOOD BOOTS, 85

ALL SOLID LEATHER.

MINER'S SHOE STORE.

PURE DRUGS!

A fine fresh stock always on hand. We also have on sale a fine line of the best.

PERFUMERIES, TOILET ARTICLES, &c.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY, and carefully compounded at all hours. Prompt attention to all orders. Try us. A line of HAWKES' CELEBRATED EYE-GLASSES always in stock.

POWER & REYNOLDS,

ADJOINING POSTOFFICE.

WEDDING PRESENTS

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR LINE OF

FINE PICTURES!

JUST IN, FROM TWO TO TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

KACKLEY & McDougle.

COME AND SEE

OUR

"ORIENT!"

We are receiving daily our Fall stock of HEATING STOVES. And we can furnish you with any kind of a COOK or HEATING STOVE you desire. WROUGHT STEEL RANGES in stock. Do not forget to ask for our "ORIENT."

BIERBOWER & CO.

McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

STOVES,

Mantels Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,

GUTTERING,

and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

\$500-DIAMOND EARDROPS-\$500

Now that our goods are about all in, we ask you to come and inspect them. GOOD GOODS AND LOW PRICES is our motto. In addition to buying better goods for less money than elsewhere, we will present you with

TWO TICKETS FOR EVERY DOLLAR'S WORTH OF GOODS YOU PURCHASE,

which entitles you to as many chances as you have tickets in an elegant pair of DIAMOND EARDROPS, valued at \$500, to be given to some one of our customers March 1st, 1890. Set in any mounting desired.

HOPPER & MURPHY.

Brilliant Prospects.

Everything Lovely in the Financial World.

THE MONEY MARKET MORE EASY.

No Serious Disturbance Feared. White an Excellent Crop Report Greatly Enlivens Business of All the Leading Trade Centers—R. G. Dunn & Company's Financial Report.

New York, Oct. 26.—R. G. Dunn & Company's weekly review of trade says: The money market has become more easy, with the prospect that serious disturbances this season is no longer to be apprehended. The banks are running with narrow reserves, and artificial stringency may at any time be engineered, but the movement of crops has been heavy. In the natural course of events the return of money to this country should soon begin, and the possibility of a foreign drain seems more remote.

The bank of England gained last week \$1,270,000, and the bank of France \$230,000 gold. Securities do not appear to be moving largely either way, while merchandise exports for three weeks show a gain of 1 per cent over last year, against a gain of 10 per cent in imports. The rate of foreign exchange has accordingly declined a shade. Meanwhile commercial paper is more active here; some of the banks have begun buying, while the amount offering is unusually small this season, and merchants generally report more satisfactory collections than usual.

There is a little more stringency at Omaha, less at Cleveland, and an active demand with a conservative tone at Chicago, but otherwise the markets west and south all report supplies adequate for legitimate needs. Philadelphia finds money hard to get, but commercial paper moves at 6 to 7 in fair amount, and at Boston more paper is offering at 5 to 6 per cent, and upwards, with manufacturing loans at 4 to 4.5. Collections are unusually satisfactory at almost all points, though Milwaukee notes some tardiness, because farmers hold back products for better prices.

The volume of trade, fair for the season at all points, is greater than a year ago at most, though the aggregate of bank clearings outside New York exceeds last year's but 2 per cent. Chicago finds a larger increase, particularly in dry goods, while sales of clothing and sheets are fair, notwithstanding mild and dry weather; of provisions larger than last year's, and of grain about as large. Boston notes a fair trade in dry goods, a free movement of hides at lower prices, sales of leather for present needs, and well sold stocks of boots and shoes. The trade in lumber is fair, but best in finishing hard wood; iron founders are doing a good business, with manufactured iron free in sales and firm in price, and coal is steady. The trade in food and groceries is good, but mackerel and cod are scarce. Philadelphia also notes more activity in clothing, a good trade in liquors, and moderate sales of chemicals at better prices.

The wool trade has been the largest here for a long time, and more active at Boston, where sales were 3,100,000 pounds, dull at Philadelphia. Plainly some manufacturers are taking hold with more confidence, the market having been nearly cleared of some grades of foreign stock imported under old rulings, and imports of worsted shawls of late decreased.

Iron grows stronger, the Thomas company having advanced its price \$1; a demand from Canada and from Mexico is felt, foreign prices being high. Bar iron is firm, blooms and billets teverish, and rails are \$31.50 to \$32; the orders already booked for 1890 amounting to 750,000 tons or more. Copper is steady, tin a shade lower here at 20 cents, and lead depressed to 3 cents by expectation of large Mexican supplies. The coal trade is dull, and the week's meetings have accomplished nothing beyond fixing on 3,000,000 tons as the output for November; sales are generally below the schedule, stove at \$3.50.

Liquidation in wheat continues, with prices three cents lower than a week ago, and sales of 65,000,000 bushels here. Stubborn facts, heavy receipts and scarcity experts wear out the patience of those who have had faith in a world's famine, and state official reports indicate a larger yield than those of the department. Corn is 3 cents higher, with sales of 5,500,000 bushels, and the export movement still exceeds last year's. Pork products are weak, and in hogs the decline has been thirty cents per 100 pounds. Oil has risen three cents, coffee is unchanged and sugar is again lower. Cotton continues downward, receipts exceeding those of the same week last year by 40,000 bales, and exports by 30,000 bales; and while there has been a touch of snow in Virginia, the dreaded frost in cotton states is still deferred.

The market for securities has been weak, in spite of relief in the money market and some very favorable reports regarding particular properties. The traffic arrangement between Union, Pacific and Chicago and Northwestern is thought to foreshadow an abandonment of the so-called presidents' association, and an attempt to secure more effective consolidation. Earnings are 10 per cent larger than last year's, but the Pennsylvania statement for September shows a very scanty increase, and causes disappointment. The treasury has done little to help or hinder, but has increased its cash holdings \$900,000 for the week. On the whole the speculative markets are not promising, and are judiciously let alone by the public. But the outlook for all departments of legitimate business is more encouraging than it has been for a long time.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to R. G. Dunn & Company, the merchantile agency, by telegraph, number for the United States, 188, and for Canada, 37, or a total of 225 failures, as compared with 223 last week, and 214 the week before.

THE NAVASSA RIOTS.

Further Particulars of the Negro Uprising There.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—The United States man-of-war Galena, Rear Admiral Gherard, commanding, arrived in the harbor from Navassa Island at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and anchored off Fort McHenry. She had on board nine Navassa negroes, eight of whom were engaged in the murderous riots on the island of Navassa recently, six of them being the instigators and perpetrators of the murders or the white bosses. The names of the latter six are: Albert Jones, the chief of the lot, whose home is on Titzwater street, Philadelphia; Amos Lee, of Georgetown, D. C.; Thomas Woch, Washington; George Singleton Keys, of Washington; Henry Jones, of Greensboro, W. Va., and James Phillips, of Baltimore.

Robert Downs and William James, both of Baltimore, are also in the party, but they are not deeply involved in the trouble. On the voyage from Navassa Admiral Gherard kept these two separated from the six ring-leaders. They will be used as witnesses. The ninth man is George Ward, of Wilmington, Del., but he is in no way implicated. He was the cook on the island, and was taken aboard the Galena to look after the prisoners. When word was received that the Galena was in port, District Attorney Thomas G. Hayes, Chief United States Deputy Marshal Paolo and several other officials boarded a tug and went to the war ship, and after an exchange of the proper official papers the prisoners were put aboard the tug and taken up to the Baltimore jail. Lee, Key, Henry, Jones and Welch, are accused of murder; Albert Jones and Phillips with mutiny and intent to kill.

The Galena sailed from Navassa Oct. 10. When she arrived at Navassa the British war vessel Forward was already there, and her timely coming probably saved the lives of the remaining six white men. The Forward's officers took all the arms and ammunition away from the negroes. The story told by the officers of the Galena regarding the riot is much the same as that already published. One of them said, however, that the white bosses practiced great brutality against the negroes.

Robert Downs, one of the two negroes who are to be used as witnesses, contradicts Dr. Smith in one important point. The doctor stated that the first firing was done after he and his associates had taken refuge in the house. Downs told a United Press reporter that the first shot was fired in the yard, and that Smith fired it. He had directed Mr. Jones to take charge of James Phillips. The negro resisted, and Dr. Smith fired a load of bird-shot into his face. This was the beginning of the fight. The white men ran to the house, locked themselves up and continued to shoot, the negroes returning the fusilade with stones. Finally, Amos Lee resorted to the use of the dynamite. Downs says it was Keys who killed Mahon. This was after the whites had surrendered. He saw Keys shoot Mahon in the back and in the forehead. Downs says he was merely an onlooker, taking no part whatever in the fight.

William James, the other witness, admits that after the fighting began he threw rocks at the house. The ring-leaders are keeping their own counsel. Admiral Gherard says the brigs Romance and Alice, with 124 negroes aboard, may not arrive inside of a week.

Serious Results of a Fall.

GIRARD, O., Oct. 26.—The roof of the new hot blast of the Girard furnace fell in yesterday, while a number of workmen were engaged upon it, precipitating the men a distance of twenty feet. The falling timbers broke a large steam pipe, and the escaping steam terribly burned William Anderson and his two sons, Dell and Charles. They were also cut, but may recover. Four others sustained bad cuts and bruises, but were not dangerously hurt.

Premature Explosion of a Cannon.

ZANESVILLE, O., Oct. 26.—While firing a canon for the Foster herdman meeting yesterday evening, a premature discharge blew off both arms and terribly burned William H. Nutt, who was ramming the charges. His sight was destroyed and surgeon's have amputated his arms, but he cannot survive. He was formerly a prominent business man. One of his brothers was an engineer, and was killed by his engine exploding.

A Morton Memorial.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 26.—A marble bust of Oliver P. Morton has been received by the Morton family from sculptor Simeoni, of Rome, Italy. A. A. McKean of this city, is preparing a granite pedestal for it, and the statue will be placed in position at the grave of the war governor in Crown Hill by Nov. 5, which is the anniversary of his death. The height of the memorial when completed will be ten feet.

Defunct Express Agent Decamps.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., Oct. 26.—Lewis A. Beach of Phillipsburg, is mysteriously missing. He was agent of the C. & M. railway and American Express company, and a large shortage is found in his accounts. He drove to Uptonville, and leaving a livery rig there, is supposed to have taken a late Panhandle train for somewhere in the west.

New Ocean Racer.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The new steamship Columbia, of the Hamburg line, reached Fire Island at 9:30 yesterday. She made the voyage from South Hampton in seven days, one hour and thirty minutes, and her average time shows that she made a quicker passage than the City of Paris ever has.

Shut Up in a Big Safe.

XENIA, O., Oct. 26.—A clerk in a bank here while showing some young ladies a large new vault took a notion to 'scare' them, and shut the doors. After considerable hustling, the cashier, who knew the combination of the safe, was found, and the girls were liberated.

Inventor Shoots Himself.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 26.—Joseph S. Bonney, aged 62, for thirty years a resident of this city, and a well known inventor, shot himself through the heart this morning. He was a prominent Mason and Odd Fellow.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

As we wish to make a change in our Furniture business, we will, until January 1st, 1890, offer our entire stock, which is very large and complete, composed of cheap to the very finest,

• FURNITURE •

AT COST AND CARRIAGE. Come and secure the greatest bargains of your life. Furniture of all kinds repaired and removed.

UNDERTAKING—In this department our facilities are unsurpassed. We have secured the services of Mr. George Griffin, one of the best Undertakers and Embalmers of Cincinnati. All modern undertaking appliances and the finest hearse. We are prompt, considerate and reliable. Prices reasonable.

MCILVAIN, HUMPHREYS & BRAMEL.
OFFICE: SUTTON STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!

OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.
Incorporated by the Legislature for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1878, by an overwhelming popular vote.

ITS MAMMOTH DRAWINGS take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS,
for integrity of its drawings and prompt payment of prizes, attested as follows:

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in particular, and especially, that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the Company to use this certificate, with the names of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Let us now proceed to the drawings.

*Get Seinegard
It Early*

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bonkers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. H. WALMSLEY, Pres. La. Nat'l Bl.

P. LANAUX, President State Nat'l Bl.

A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bl.

CARL KOHN, Pres. Union Nat'l Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1889.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000

100,000 tickets at \$20 each; halves, \$10; quarters, \$5; tenths, \$2; twentieiths, \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE of \$300,000 is.	\$300,000
1 PRIZE of \$100,000 is.	100,000
1 PRIZE of \$50,000 is.	50,000
1 PRIZE of \$25,000 is.	25,000
2 PRIZES of \$10,000 each.	20,000
5 PRIZES of \$5,000 each.	25,000
25 PRIZES of \$1,000 each.	25,000
100 PRIZES of \$500 each.	50,000
200 PRIZES of \$300 each.	60,000
500 PRIZES of \$200 each.	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRICES.

100 Prizes of \$500 are.....	\$ 5,000
100 Prizes of \$300 are.....	3,000
100 Prizes of \$200 are.....	2,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

999 Prizes of \$100 are.....

99,900

999 Prizes of \$100 are.....

99,900

3,134 Prizes amounting to.....

\$1,064,800

NOTE.—Tickets drawing capital prizes are not entitled to terminal prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

For Club Rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT—Address M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., or W. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C. Ordinary letters containing money, not issued by all Express companies, New York Exchange, Draft or postal note.

Address registered letters containing currency to New Orleans National Bank, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER, that the payment of Prizes is guaranteed by four National Banks of New Orleans, and the tickets are signed by the President of an institution, whose charter rights are recognized in the highest courts; therefore beware of all imitations or analogous schemes."

ONE DOLLAR is the price of the smallest part or fraction of a ticket issued by us in any drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a dollar is a swindle.

WANTED.

WANTED—Agents in every town in Kentucky and Tennessee for Mark Twain's new book and Herndon's Life of Lincoln, two of the best selling books of all time. Liberal terms to agents. Address at once F. LEXNER & STAEDER, 324 Fourth ave., Louisville, Ky.

221 WISHING to close out my business.

W. B. BROMLEY.

WANTED—Bordens by the day or week. Apply at corner of Third and Bridge street. 221 W. B. B. BROMLEY.

DYING AND CLEANING—Look at your winter garments and see what you need and bring them to ABRAM KARTONOWICZ for dyeing, repairing or cleaning. Good work at fair prices. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call. Market street, west side, between 2nd and 3rd.

WANTED—People to know that I am prepared to do mantel and grate settings, and all kinds of brick work. Prices reasonable. Work guaranteed. C. N. EDGINGTON, Postoffice, Mayaville, Ky.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—86 acres of land near Mayaville. Privilege of seeding at once. Possession March 1st, '90. Apply to JULIUS UЛЬBERTSON, at Parker, Culbertson & Co.'s stable, corner Second and Sutton streets.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Two-story frame house in West End, 4 rooms and kitchen, water-works, 2 lots, 1 stable. Apply to MRS. PAT. MCHUGH, at 101-103 Sutton street.

STRAYED.

STRAYED—MULE—Taken up, eight or ten days ago, two black mare mules. The owner can get them by calling on me at Plumville.

LOUIS HETZEL.

CLOAKS!